

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1. (Currently Amended) A colour display device (~~1~~) comprising a cathode ray tube comprising a display screen (~~3~~), a means for generating at least one electron beam (~~6~~) and a deflection unit (~~11~~) for generating deflection fields for deflecting electron beam(s) (~~7, 8, 9~~) across the display screen (~~3~~) in two perpendicular directions (x, y) and having magnetic field-generating means (~~26, 25~~) at or near a display screen-facing end of the deflection unit for generating a magnetic field to reduce raster distortions, characterized in that the permanent magnets (~~25, 26~~) are made of a material having a negative temperature coefficient for the magnetic remanence(B(G)), said magnets being provided with a compensating shunt (~~25a, 26a~~) to increase the temperature coefficient of the magnetic remanence.
2. (Currently Amended) A colour display device as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the combination of magnet and shunt has a magnetic ~~remanance~~ remanence which is substantially constant between room temperature and approximately 60°C.
3. (Currently Amended) A colour display device as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the combination of magnet and shunt has a magnetic ~~remanance~~ remanence which increases as the temperature increases from room temperature.
4. (Original) A colour display device as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that the magnetic remanence shows a maximum between 40 and 70°C.
5. (Currently Amended) A deflection unit for a display device ~~as claimed in any one of the preceding claims~~ having a cathode ray tube with a display screen, a means for generating at least one electron beam and a deflection unit for generating deflection fields for deflecting electron beam(s) across the display screen in two perpendicular directions (x, y) and having magnetic field-generating means at or near a display screen-facing end of the deflection unit for

generating a magnetic field to reduce raster distortions, characterized in that the permanent magnets are made of a material having a negative temperature coefficient for the magnetic remanence (B(G)), said magnets being provided with a compensating shunt to increase the temperature coefficient of the magnetic remanence.

6. (New) The deflection unit of claim 5, characterized in that the combination of magnet and shunt has a magnetic remanence which is substantially constant between room temperature and approximately 60°C.
7. (New) The deflection unit of claim 5, characterized in that the combination of magnet and shunt has a magnetic remanence which increases as the temperature increases from room temperature.
8. (New) The deflection unit of claim 7, characterized in that the magnetic remanence shows a maximum between 40 and 70°C.